9.4.3 Operational works code

9.4.3.1 Application

This code applies to assessing development involving operational works in all zones.

When using this code, reference should be made to section 5.3.2 and, where applicable, section 5.3.3 located in Part 5

9.4.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The overall outcomes are the purpose of the Operational works code.
- (2) The purpose of the Operational works code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) infrastructure is designed and constructed to be safe, functional and meet the current and future needs of the community;
 - (b) earthworks associated with filling or excavation are consistent with character and amenity of the neighbourhood and do not increase the potential for land instability;
 - (c) filling and excavation does not impact on environmental values and processes including water quality, hydrological flows or significant vegetation;
 - (d) development impacts on the environment, natural landforms, wetlands, water courses and riparian corridors arising from altered stormwater quality and flow are avoided or minimised during development and construction activities;
 - (e) development over or near major electricity infrastructure does not compromise or interfere with the integrity of the infrastructure;
 - (f) development facilitates an efficient use of water resources;
 - (g) vegetation is managed to ensure the protection of ecological values, landscape character and amenity;
 - (h) landscaping is resilient and enhances the natural landscape character of the area.

9.4.3.3 Assessment benchmarks

Part A - Criteria for development

Table 9.4.3.1 - Advertising devices code

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes
For assessable development (code, code (fast tracked) and impact)	
Works for infrastructure (water supply)	

P₀1

Premises have an adequate volume and supply of water that:

- (a) meets the needs of users;
- (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes;
- (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and
- (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.

Where within an *Urban Zone* or Rural Residential Zone (Rural Residential 4000 Precinct, Rural Residential 8000 Precinct) AO1.1

Water supply reticulation is designed and constructed in accordance with SC6.2 – Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Design and Construction Standards.

Where within the Rural Zone or Rural Residential Zone (Rural Residential 20000 Precinct)

AO1.2

A safe and adequate on-site water supply is designed and constructed in accordance with SC6.2 – Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Design and Construction Standards.

Works for infrastructure (wastewater disposal) Where within an Urban Zone Premises provide for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water that: Sewerage reticulation is designed and (a) meets the needs of users; constructed in accordance with SC6.2 -Planning Scheme Policy 1 - Design and (b) ensures the health, safety and Construction Standards. convenience of the community; and (c) minimises adverse impacts on the Where within the Rural Zone or Rural receiving environment. **Residential Zone** AO2.2 A safe and efficient on-site waste water disposal system is designed and constructed in accordance with Queensland, Plumbing and Wastewater Code and Australian Standard AS/NZS3500. Works for infrastructure (stormwater infrastructure) AO₃ Stormwater drainage is designed and managed Stormwater infrastructure is designed and to avoid adverse impacts on surrounding constructed in accordance with SC6.2 development or compromise the natural health Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Design and **Construction Standards**. and functioning of adjoining waterway systems. Works for infrastructure (electricity supply) AO4 Premises are provided with an adequate Electricity supply is designed and constructed supply of electricity. in accordance with the requirements of the service provider. AO₅ Development within a major electricity Development does not involve works within a infrastructure buffer shown on Infrastructure major electricity infrastructure buffer. overlay maps (OM-006): a) is located and designed in a manner that maintains a high level of security of supply; and b) is located and designed so as not to impede upon the functioning and maintenance of major electricity infrastructure. **PO6 AO6** Earthworks are designed to ensure access to Earthworks do not restrict access to substations major electricity infrastructure and substations or to and along major electricity infrastructure by shown on Infrastructure overlay maps (OMutility providers using their normal vehicles and 006) are maintained. equipment. Works for infrastructure (telecommunications infrastructure) Premises are provided with an adequate supply Telecommunications services are designed of telecommunications infrastructure. and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the service provider. Works for infrastructure (gates and grids) **80A** The installation of gates and grids across public Gates and grids across public roads are designed and constructed in accordance with roads is undertaken to ensure that they do not SC6.2 – Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Design interfere with: (a) the safe movement of pedestrians and and Construction Standards. vehicles: or (b) the proper maintenance of the public road. **Excavation or filling** PO9 AO9.1

Filling and/or excavation does not: Filling and/or excavation is undertaken in (a) negatively impact the character and accordance with SC6.2 – Planning Scheme amenity of neighbourhoods; Policy 1 - Design and Construction (b) increase flood or drainage impacts on Standards. neighbouring properties; (c) cause pollution or contamination of AO9.2 nearby land or watercourses. Retaining structures exceeding 1 metre in height are setback a minimum of half the height of the structure from any property boundary and the setback area is landscaped or screened to a minimum height of 1.2 metres. Where in a Residential, Rural Residential 4000 Precinct, Rural Residential 8000 Precinct, Centre or Industrial Zone category AO9.3 Excavation is limited to a maximum vertical depth of one metre. AO9.4 Excavation or filling does not result in the permanent retention of surface water. Where in the Rural Residential 20,000 Precinct AO9.5 Excavation is limited to a maximum vertical depth of 2 metres. PO10 AO10.1 Filling or excavation does not result in works or Excavating or filling does not increase the 'take' structures that extract or retain overland water of overland flow runoff above that provided flows, unless approval has been given to under a water entitlement. incorporate works that retain overland flows in accordance with the provisions of a Water AO10.2 Resource Plan approved under the Water Act No filling is carried out in a waterway. 2000. PO11 AO11.1 Filling and/or excavation works are designed All filling or excavation works are designed by a using appropriate engineering standards. Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland or certified by a statement from a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland that the works are structurally sound. AO11.2 Filling and excavation is designed and constructed in accordance with AS3798. PO12 AO12.1 Filling and/or excavation does not: Filling does not result in the ponding or (a) increase flood or drainage impacts on pooling of water on the premises or adjoining neighbouring properties; or properties. (b) cause pollution or contamination of nearby lands or watercourses. AO12.2 Filling or excavation does not result in an **Performance Outcomes Acceptable Outcomes** increase in the velocity of overland flow to the extent of causing erosion, scouring or other damage to adjacent land.

AO12.3 For filling, only clean fill is used. For excavation, no contaminated material is excavated. **PO13** AO13 Erosion control measures and silt collection During construction soil erosion and sediment measures ensure that environmental values is controlled in accordance with standards contained in SC6.2 - Planning Scheme are protected during construction activities. Policy 1 - Design and Construction Standards. **Vegetation clearing** PO14 AO14.1 Vegetation must be protected to ensure that: Street trees are retained. vegetation of historical, cultural or visual significance is retained: vegetation is retained for erosion No vegetation clearing (unless minor operational prevention and slope stabilisation; works). the character of the local area is OR maintained: AO14.3 (d) pedestrian shading is maintained; Vegetation clearing is essential for carrying out (e) the conservation of natural biodiversity is work authorised or required under another Act. assisted. OR AO14.4 Vegetation clearing is within the path of, or within three metres of road, water supply, sewage or stormwater drainage works. OR AO14.5 Vegetation clearing is within three metres (as measured from the centre of the diameter of the tree's trunk, at ground level) of an existing building or structure. OR AO14.6 Vegetation clearing is authorised by Council and is considered as one or more of the following: (a) actually or potentially dangerous as a result of being dead, dving or diseased, structurally unsound, or having a growth form or habit which is hazardous: (b) a threat to the safety of persons or property or the environment integrity; restricting the habitability of the dwelling on the site. OR AO14.7 Vegetation clearing is essential for the survey of the property boundary by a licensed cadastral surveyor. OR AO14.8 Vegetation clearing is undertaken to: **Performance Outcomes** Acceptable Outcomes (a) maintain an existing fire break; undertake works in order to implement an approved fire management plan;

(c) or establish a fire break during a fire event

	or to contain fire in some other way during a fire event.
PO15 Vegetation cleared from the site is disposed of in a manner that does not result in smoke being released into an <i>urban area</i> which would likely cause an impact on human health and safety.	AO15.1 Vegetation is transported off-site for disposal or reuse. OR AO15.2 Vegetation is processed on site for use in landscaping or erosion and sedimentation control.
Landscaping works	
PO16 Where landscaping is to be provided, it shall: (a) be planted with species that are recognised as low maintenance and needing minimum water; (b) provided with suitable soils or soil conditioners to assist with growth; and (c) provided with suitable mulch and watering systems.	AO16 Landscaping is undertaken in accordance with SC6.2 – Design and Construction Standards.