#### 9.3.4 Rural activities code

# 9.3.4.1 Application

This code applies to assessing material change of use development applications for development involving the following *Rural activities* uses in the Rural Zone:

- (a) Animal husbandry;
- (b) Animal keeping;
- (c) Aquaculture;
- (d) Intensive animal industry;
- (e) Intensive horticulture;
- (f) Roadside stall;
- (g) Rural industry; and
- (h) Winery.

When using this code, reference should be made to section 5.3.2 and, where applicable, section 5.3.3 located in Part 5.

### 9.3.4.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Rural Activities Code is to facilitate the establishment of sustainable rural uses whilst maintaining the environmental values of rural land and minimising adverse amenity impacts.
- (2) The purpose of the Rural Activities Code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) *rural activities* mitigate negative environmental impacts on air quality, acoustic amenity, water quality and the productive capacity of the land;
  - (b) intensive *rural activities* do not cause environmental harm or environmental nuisance to sensitive land uses and receptors;
  - (c) development is located and designed so as not to adversely impact upon rural landscape character or scenic amenity;
  - (d) retail and administrative uses associated with *rural activities* remain subservient to the rural activity and do not negatively impact the Western Downs Activity Centre Network;
  - (e) animal keeping, animal husbandry, aquaculture and intensive animal industry uses are appropriately separated from sensitive land uses.

### 9.3.4.3 Assessment benchmarks

# Part A - Criteria for accepted and assessable development

# Table 9.3.4.1 - Rural activities code

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	
For accepted, accepted subject to requirements and assessable development (code, code (fast		
tracked) and impact)		
All Rural activities		
PO1	AO1	
Administrative areas are integral and subservient to the rural activity.	Areas for administration purposes do not exceed 10% of the <i>gross floor area</i> of the <i>building</i> or 50m <sup>2</sup> , whichever is the lesser.	
Rural industry and Winery		
PO2	AO2	
Sales associated with development are integral and subservient to the rural activity and do not negatively impact on the economic viability of the Western Downs Activity Centre Network.	Sales associated with the development are undertaken within an area with a maximum gross floor area of 100m <sup>2</sup> .	

#### **Performance Outcomes Acceptable Outcomes** Roadside stall PO<sub>3</sub> AO3 The display and sales of goods from rural Roadside stalls: activities are subservient to the rural activity (a) are not located in the road reserve. and do not negatively impact on the economic (b) have a maximum display area of 10m<sup>2</sup>. viability of the Western Downs Activity Centre Network. **Animal husbandry** Bee keeping **PO4** AO4.1 Bee hives are located a safe distance from Bee hives have a minimum setback of 25 sensitive land uses and land intended metres to any a road frontage. predominately for accommodating housing and public roads to protect public health and safety. Bee hives have a minimum setback of 200 metres from: (a) a sensitive land use; or (b) land in the following zone(s): Residential zone category; (ii) Centre zone category; and (iii) Township zone. **Animal Keeping PO5** AO5.1 Animal keeping: The site has a minimum area of: (a) is undertaken on a site that has a suitable (a) 4,000m<sup>2</sup> for a cattery: area to provide for adequate setbacks of (b) 8,000m<sup>2</sup> for an aviary or wildlife buildings, pens and waste disposal areas refuae: (c) 4,000m<sup>2</sup> for every animal stable; from: (i) site boundaries; (d) 20,000m<sup>2</sup> for a kennel. (ii) roads; and (iii) sensitive land uses: AO5.2 Buildings and structures for the purposes of (b) does not cause an adverse impact on the residents of the premises or adjoining Animal Keeping have a minimum setback of: sensitive land uses from emissions (a) 20 metres from a road frontage: (b) 50 metres from any existing dwelling on including, but not limited to: the same premises; and (i) noise; and 50 metres from any existing sensitive land (ii) odour. use on adjoining premises; and (d) 15 metres from any side or rear boundary. **PO6** AO6.1 The development must be sited, constructed and Premises must be fenced to a minimum managed such that: height of 1.8 metres. (a) animals are securely housed: Note- the fence must be designed to prevent animals from escaping. (b) the generation of any noise does not cause a nuisance to adjoining properties AO6.2 or other noise sensitive uses or Buildings for the accommodation of animals are receptors. to be constructed with impervious reinforced concrete floors. AO6.3 Buildings for the accommodation of animals comprise walls that are acoustically treated to limit noise emissions.

6.00pm and 7.00am.

Animals are kept within roofed *buildings* or structures at all times and between the hours of

AO6.4

Douboumon Outcomes	Accomtable Outcomes
Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes
PO7 Disposal of solid waste and liquid waste generated by <i>Animal keeping</i> does not result in any on-site or off-site contamination of soil, surface water and ground water, or create any nuisance from odour, dust or vermin.	AO7 No acceptable outcome.
Aquaculture	
PO8 The use is located on a <i>site</i> which has sufficient area to:  (a) accommodate the intensity and scale of the use, including <i>buildings</i> , pens, ponds, other structures and waste disposal areas; and  (b) adequately separating the use from <i>sensitive land uses</i> .	Where the site has a minimum area of 1 hectare  AO8.1  Buildings, structures and areas associated with the use have a minimum setback of:  (a) 10 metres from any road frontage; and (b) 10 metres from any side or rear boundary.  Where the site has a minimum area of 100 hectares  AO8.2  Buildings, structures and areas associated with the use have a minimum setback of:  (a) 50 metres from any road frontage; and
PO9 The scale of the use: (a) is consistent with the character and amenity of the zone; (b) has regard to proximity to sensitive land uses or receptors.	(b) 10 metres from any side or rear boundary.  Where the site has a minimum area of 1 hectare  AO9.1  The total water surface area does not exceed 50m².  AO9.2  Buildings and structures associated with the use do not exceed a total area of 25m².  Where the site has a minimum area of 100 hectares  AO9.3  Buildings and structures associated with the use do not exceed a total area of 100m².  AO9.4  The total water surface area does not exceed 5 hectares.
PO10  Wastewater effluent and solid waste disposal does not result in an adverse impact on the environment or result in environmental harm or nuisance.	AO10.1 Wastewater is disposed of via: (a) collection for lawful offsite disposal; or (b) disposal to the reticulated sewer network.  OR Where in the Rural Zone AO10.2 Development is connected to a safe and efficient on-site waste water disposal system in accordance with Queensland, Plumbing and Wastewater Code and Australian Standard A3500.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes
Intensive Animal Industry	
PO11 Intensive animal industry is located to ensure they do not cause environmental harm or environmental nuisance to sensitive land uses or receptors.	AO11 Operational activities, buildings (other than for accommodation activities or administrative purposes), pens, ponds, structures and waste disposal areas associated with an intensive animal industry comply with minimum setbacks specified in Table 9.3.4.2 – Separation Distances to Residential and Environmentally Sensitive Land Uses
	Note: Council recommends that applicants seeking approval for intensive animal industries refer to the relevant industry guidelines (e.g. National guidelines for Beef Cattle Feedlots in Australia) relevant at time of lodgment and that applicants consult with Department of Agriculture and Fisheries prior to the lodgment of a development application.
PO12  The physical, chemical and biological integrity and quality of the soil is maintained by ensuring nutrient loads do not exceed the buffering capacity of the soil or the landscape.	AO12 No acceptable outcome.
PO13  Effluent management practices associated with intensive animal industry demonstrates sustainable disposal (to soil and landscape) by ensuring effluent disposal and treatment activities do not cause:  (a) negative impacts on the natural hydrological cycle;  (b) soil, groundwater or surface water salinity;  (c) leaching of nutrients and/or pesticides, into surface water, groundwater or offsite areas that may be at risk (particularly areas down slope).	AO13 No acceptable outcome.
PO14  The haulage of animals and goods associated with the use does not result in the deterioration of roads used by ensuring:  (d) the roads used as haulage routes are of an adequate standard to accommodate the type and frequency of traffic generated;  (e) haulage routes are maintained including the removal of dirt and other spillage from trucks; and  (f) Haulage routes do not compromise traffic safety or amenity in the area.  Note- a road maintenance plan is required in demonstration of compliance with this Performance Outcome.	AO14 No acceptable outcome.

Table 9.3.4.2 – Separation Distances to Residential and Environmentally Sensitive Land Uses

Use/Activity	Separation Distance (m)
Poultry Farms	Minimum 1km taken from the closest outside boundary of the shed/conglomeration of sheds.
Piggery	Minimum 1.5km taken from the closest outside boundary of the shed/conglomeration of sheds.
Feedlots	Minimum 1.5km taken from the outside extremity of the closest animal holding yard.
Cattle Dips and Yards	Minimum 200m from the outside extremity of the closest part of the yard or dip.
Abattoirs	Minimum 500m from the nearest part of the built facility or effluent disposal area.
Dairy Bails and Yards	Minimum 300m from nearest part of the facility.
Stock Saleyards	Minimum 500m from the nearest part of the facility used for holding animals.