9.3 Use codes

9.3.1 Accommodation activities code

9.3.1.1 Application

This code applies to assessing material change of use development applications for development involving the following *Accommodation activities* uses in all zones:

- (a) Dwelling house (secondary dwelling);
- (b) Dwelling house (small lot);
- (c) Dual occupancy;
- (d) Caretaker's accommodation;
- (e) Non-resident workforce accommodation;
- (f) Multiple dwelling;
- (g) Relocatable home park;
- (h) Residential care facility;
- (i) Retirement facility;
- (j) Rural workers accommodation; and
- (k) Tourist park.

When using this code, reference should be made to section 5.3.2 and, where applicable, section 5.3.3 located in Part 5.

9.3.1.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Accommodation activities code is to ensure that *Accommodation activities* uses are designed, located and operated to maintain and protect the amenity of residents and amenity expectations of neighbourhoods,
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the type, location, scale, density and setbacks of *accommodation activities* is consistent with the character and amenity of the applicable zone;
 - (b) *buildings* and *structures* associated with a dwelling house and caretaker's accommodation uses are compatible in terms of the built form and scale with surrounding development;
 - (c) *dwelling house* development on *small lots* ensures that the amenity of occupants and neighbours is not compromised;
 - (d) accommodation activities incorporate crime prevention through environmental design principles and promote casual surveillance of the street;
 - (e) Accommodation activities are provided with appropriate service areas to ensure that occupants daily activities can be undertaken, whilst not prejudicing the residential amenity and streetscape of the locality;
 - (f) Accommodation activities are provided with appropriate levels of landscaping, private open space and/or communal open space;
 - (g) Retirement facility and Residential care facility uses are provided with appropriate on site access and mobility opportunities to utilise communal open space;
 - (h) Tourist parks support and enhance the caravan and recreation vehicle tourist industry; and
 - (i) Rural workers accommodation is subordinate to the primary use of the premises for rural activities and is appropriate for the accommodation of permanent and/or temporary rural workers.

9.3.1.3 Assessment benchmarks

Part A - Criteria for accepted and assessable development

Table 9.3.1.1 - Accommodation activities code

Performance Outcomes Acceptable Outcomes For accepted, accepted subject to requirements and assessable development (code, code (fast tracked) and impact) **Dwelling House (Second Dwelling)** AO1 An additional dwelling: An additional dwelling on the same site as a dwelling house: (a) is located on a lot with a minimum site area of 800m2; (a) is located on a site with sufficient area to (b) is attached to the dwelling house by: accommodate the dwelling house and the i. sharing a common wall; or additional dwelling: ii. a garage/carport; or (b) maintains an acceptable level of residential iii. breezeway/walkway/covered patio. amenity for occupants of the additional (c) has a maximum gross floor area of 50m² dwelling, the dwelling house and the or 50% of the gross floor area of the adjoining land; existing dwelling house, whichever is the (c) has a built form that is integrated with the lesser: dwelling house; and (d) is located on the same lot as the dwelling house: (d) is occupied by a relative of one of the (e) includes building materials that are occupants of the dwelling house. compatible and/or consistent with the primary dwelling house; (f) includes a roof pitch that is consistent with the primary dwelling house; and (g) provides a minimum of one (1) additional car parking space. **Dwelling House (Small Lot) Site Coverage** PO₂ AO2 Buildings on small lots must include an Site cover is a maximum of 60% of the total site appropriate balance of building form and open area. space. **Building Height** AO3 All buildings must be limited in height to Buildings and structures have a maximum complement the local neighbourhood character building height of 8.5 metres and not more than and to protect the residential amenity of 2 storeys above natural ground level. adjoining lots. Setbacks **PO4** AO4.1 Dwelling houses on small lots must provide Buildings and structures have a minimum for sufficient setbacks from boundaries to: setback of 4.5 metres from the primary road (a) protect and enhance the residential frontage, measured to the wall. amenity and streetscape; Note- except where varied by A05.2. (b) ensure separation of habitable rooms and private open space from adjoining Δ042 dwellings; Eaves, window hoods and decks, porches, (c) limit overshadowing of private open space patios and upper level covered balconies. on adjoining sites; and including support structures and ancillary (d) variation of front setbacks to the structures of open construction have a minimum streetscape. setback of 3.0 metres from the primary road

Note- open construction includes screening that has openings which make it no more than 50% opaque and

frontage.

| Performance Outcomes | Acceptable Outcomes | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | does not include walls. | | | |
| | AO4.3 | | | |
| | For a corner allotment, <i>buildings</i> and <i>structures</i> have a minimum setback of 3.0 metres from the <i>secondary frontage</i> . | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Scoondary nomage. | | | |
| | AO4.4 | | | |
| | Buildings shall be setback from the side and | | | |
| | rear boundaries no less than: (a) 1.2 metres, measured from the outermost projection of that part of the <i>building</i> , which | | | |
| | | | | |
| | is 4.5 metres or less above <i>ground level</i> ; | | | |
| | (b) 2 metres, measured from the outermost | | | |
| | projection of that part of the building which | | | |
| | is greater than 4.5 metres but not greater | | | |
| | than 7.5 metres above <i>ground level</i> ; | | | |
| | (c) 2 metres, plus 0.5 metres for every three metres or part thereof, measured from the | | | |
| | outermost projection of that part of the | | | |
| | building, which is greater than 7.5 metres | | | |
| | above <i>ground level</i> . | | | |
| | Note- the abovementioned setbacks may be reduced by | | | |
| | the horizontal dimension of eaves, fascias, gutters, downpipes, sunhoods and/or privacy screens which | | | |
| | extend beyond the outermost face of the external wall of | | | |
| | the building. The setback encroachment must not to exceed 0.6 metres. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | AO4.5 | | | |
| | Built to boundary walls: | | | |
| | (a) the <i>building</i> is built to one side boundary only; | | | |
| | | | | |
| | (b) have a maximum height of 3.5 metres; | | | |
| | (c) have a maximum setback of 150mm from the side boundary; | | | |
| | (d) have a maximum length of 8.0 metres | | | |
| | (e) where a built to boundary, the wall is | | | |
| | punctuated by a wall setback from the | | | |
| | boundary, for a length less than 3.0 | | | |
| | metres, this length is to be included in the maximum 8.0 metre length; | | | |
| | | | | |
| | (f) the aggregate length of built to boundary walls does not exceed 50% of the length | | | |
| | of the boundaries; and | | | |
| | (g) must be a rendered finish. | | | |
| | (3) | | | |
| | AO4.6 | | | |
| | Rain water tanks that are located wholly below | | | |
| | ground may be located within the front, side and rear boundary setbacks. | | | |
| Built Form | Teal boundary serbacks. | | | |
| PO5 | AO5.1 | | | |
| The <i>building</i> must be oriented to the street to | The building has a door, habitable room | | | |

facilitate casual surveillance, provide visual

outcomes.

interest and to ensure good quality urban design

applicable).

window or balcony that faces the primary road

frontage and secondary road frontage (where

| Γ | T | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Performance Outcomes | Acceptable Outcomes | | |
| | AO5.2 | | |
| | All dwellings have a visible entry from the | | |
| POC. | primary road frontage. | | |
| PO6 The building is designed and sited to achieve an acceptable level of privacy for the occupants of the dwelling and neighbouring dwellings. | AO6.1 Any habitable room window that directly faces a habitable window of another dwelling has one or more of the following characteristics: (a) has a sill height of 1.7 metres above floor level; | | |
| | (b) has fixed obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.7 metres above floor level; | | |
| | (c) has the view from the habitable room window screened by a structure not greater than 1.8 metres in height that has openings which make it no more than 50 per cent transparent. | | |
| | AO6.2 Where direct views exist into the private open space of an adjoining dwelling from, habitable room windows, balconies, verandahs, terraces, decks and other communal or public areas this view is obscured or screened by: (a) privacy screens that have openings which make it no more than 50% transparent. | | |
| PO7 Building design, detailing and finishes must incorporate the articulation of roofs, building footprints and fragmentation of building bulk and appearance to: (a) add visual interest to the streetscape; (b) provide differentiation between buildings by means of articulation; and (c) maximise the amenity of adjoining residences. | AO7 The length of a wall does not exceed 15 metres in one plane, without being offset by a minimum of 1.0 metre of building articulation which could be achieved by either decks, balconies, verandahs and/or other projections. | | |
| PO8 | AO8.1 | | |
| The building is oriented to ensure that garages, bathrooms, toilets and laundries do not | The opening to the garage must not exceed a width of 6.0 metres. | | |
| dominate the streetscape. | AO8.2 Bathroom, laundry and toilet windows do not face the street, unless they are obscured by glass or screened by privacy screens that have openings which make it no less than 50% transparent. | | |
| Services | Т | | |
| PO9 | AO9 | | |
| Service facilities are: | Service facilities include: (a) an open air clothes drying facility that is a | | |

- (a) provided to meet the needs of residents
- (b) are sited and designed in an unobtrusive and convenient manner; and
- (c) are appropriately screened from public view.
- (a) an open air clothes drying facility that is a minimum of 10m² and located in an external, ventilated and convenient location that is screened from the streetscape or public view;
- (b) a waste and recycling bin storage area that is sited more than 6 metres from the

| Performance Outcomes | Acceptable Outcomes road frontage and capable of accommodating two waste bins. | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| Private Open Space | | | |
| PO10 Private open space must have sufficient area to: (a) suit the recreation needs of residents; (b) provide for service functions such as clothes drying. | AO10.1 Private open space is provided for each dwelling which comprises: (a) a minimum area of 25m² with no part having a minimum dimension of less than 3 metres; (b) an eastern or northern orientation; and (c) is directly accessible from a living area. | | |
| | AO10.2 Decks, balconies, verandahs or covered ground level recreation areas such as patios comprise at least 15% of the total private open | | |

Landscaping

PO11

Landscaping must be provided to soften the visual effects of the built environment, screen driveways from adjoining properties and add visual interest to the street frontage.

AO11.1

space area.
AO10.3

more than 1 in 10.

A landscaped area with an average width of 900mm is provided between the driveway and side boundary.

The slope of the private open space is not

AO11.2

Existing street trees are to be retained.

AO11.3

A minimum of 30% of the *site* is to contain functional landscaped open space areas (inclusive of private open space).

Caretaker's Accommodation

PO12

The provision of *Caretaker's accommodation* does not compromise the role, function and operation of the zone.

AO12.1

Caretaker's accommodation comprises a dwelling with a maximum gross floor area of 100m².

AO12.2

Caretaker's accommodation must be located where non- residential activities are carried out on the site and the use has a demonstrated need for a caretaker to be on site on a permanent basis.

AO12.3

Only one *Caretaker's accommodation* is established on a site.

Multiple dwellings, Dual Occupancy, Retirement facility, Residential care facility or Nonresident workforce accommodation (where for more than one dwelling and in an Urban Area) Built form

PO13

The building must be oriented to the street to facilitate casual surveillance, provide visual interest and to ensure good urban design outcomes.

AO13.1

The building has a door, *habitable room* window or balcony that faces the *primary road frontage*, and *secondary road frontage* (where applicable).

Performance Outcomes Acceptable Outcomes AO13.2 All dwellings have a visible entry from the primary road frontage. PO14 The building is designed and sited to achieve an Any habitable room that directly faces a acceptable level of privacy for the occupants of habitable window of another dwelling and has the dwelling and neighbouring dwellings. one or more of the following characteristics: (a) has a sill height of 1.7 metres above floor level (b) has fixed obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.7 metres above floor level (c) has the view from the habitable room window screened by a structure not greater than 1.8 metres in height that has openings which make it no more than 50% transparent. AO14.2 Where direct views exist into the private open space of an adjoining dwelling from, windows, landing stairs, terraces, decks and other private communal or public areas this view is: (d) obscured or screened by privacy screens that have openings which make it no more than 50% transparent.

Private open space

PO15

Private open space is conveniently located and of a practical size that meets the needs of residents, having regard to:

- (a) liveability;
- (b) recreation;
- (c) privacy;
- (d) outdoor entertaining;
- (e) landscaping;
- (f) amenity;
- (g) outlook; and
- (h) climate.

AO15.1

Private open space is provided for each dwelling which comprises:

- (d) a minimum area of 25m² with no part having a minimum dimension of less than 3 metres:
- (e) has an eastern or northern orientation; and
- (f) is directly accessible from a living area.

AO15.2

Decks, balconies, verandahs or covered ground level recreation areas such as patios, comprise at least 15% of the total private open space area.

Where for multiple dwellings and where dwelling are above ground level AO15.3

Private open space may be provided in the form of a balcony having a minimum area of 8m² and a minimum dimension of 2 metres and that is directly accessible from a living area.

Multiple dwellings, Retirement facility, Residential care facility or Non-resident workforce accommodation (where for more than one dwelling and in an Urban Area)

Landscaping and communal open space

PO16

Landscaped open space contributes to the character and amenity of the site and locality.

AO16.1

A minimum of 15% of the *site* area is provided as landscaped open space.

| Performance Outcomes | Acceptable Outcomes | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| | AO16.2 Acoustic screening is provided adjacent to any vehicle movement or vehicle parking areas along the side or rear boundary. | | | |
| | AO16.3 A 1 metre wide vegetated buffer and 1.8 metre screen fence is provided adjacent to any movement or parking areas along the side or rear boundary. | | | |
| PO17 Communal open space for recreation is provided where dwellings do not have access to ground level private open space. | AO17 Where dwellings do not have access to ground level private open space, communal open space is provided in accordance with the following: (a) one area of 50m²; (b) a minimum dimension of 5 metres; and (c) must include recreational facilities such as a shaded and landscaped barbecue area. | | | |
| Refuse storage and collection | T | | | |
| PO18 Refuse storage and collection facilities are located in areas that: (a) provide reasonable standards of amenity for residents; (b) maintain the amenity of adjoining premises; | AO18.1 Refuse storage is located for convenient use and designed such that it: (a) is an outdoor area that is: (i) no closer than 3 metres to any frontage or dwelling and 1.5 metres to any other site boundary; (ii) enclosed on three sides with a screen wall extending 0.2 metres above the height of the refuse bin storage; or (iii) screened by dense mature planting. | | | |
| | Where for 10 or more <i>dwelling</i> units a communal refuse storage area is provided (for a bulk refuse bin) and is serviced by a private contractor. | | | |
| Services and equipment | | | | |
| PO19 Service facilities are provided to meet the needs of residents and are sited and designed in an unobtrusive and convenient manner. | AO19.1 Each dwelling is provided with an open air clothes drying facility that is a minimum of 8m² and located in an external, ventilated and convenient location that is screened from the streetscape or public view. | | | |
| | Note- clothes drying areas are to be provided in addition to private open space or communal open space areas. | | | |
| | AO19.2 All equipment ancillary to any <i>buildings</i> or <i>structures</i> are located or screened so as not to be viewed from the road or public open space. | | | |
| Retirement facility or residential care facility | Note- Equipment does not include solar panels for electricity generation or water heating and does not include antennae and the like. | | | |
| | | | | |

Performance Outcomes Acceptable Outcomes Mobility and access **PO20 AO20** The use is located on land that has a gradient The following areas are provided with a slope conducive to aided mobility. of 1 in 14 or less: (a) pedestrian movement areas; (b) private open space; (c) communal open space; and (d) communal clothes drying facilities. **PO21 AO21** The pedestrian movement system: Pedestrian movement areas: (a) enables residents to easily navigate the (a) provide continuous access from all dwelling site on foot or with the assistance of entries to the primary road frontage; mobility aids: (b) have a minimum width of 2 metres tapered (b) provides non-discriminatory access; to 3.5 metres when combined with a (c) incorporates covered or protected seating area: walkways, particularly those linking (c) comply with AS1428.1-4: 2010 - Design dwelling units with communal facilities; for Access and Mobility: (d) provides landscaped and comfortable (d) have a firm, level, well drained non-slip vantage points to rest, socialise and surface: observe surrounding activities; (e) provide handrails where there are grade (e) provides a variety of circulation options; changes or other areas of potential risk to and pedestrians; and (f) links with external pedestrian paths. (f) provide a covered principal walkway that links all on-site communal facilities (g) dense landscaping is a minimum of 30% of the site is to contain functional landscaped open space areas (inclusive of private open space). Non-resident workforce accommodation Character **PO22** AO22.1 The roof form of non-resident workforce The non-resident workforce accommodation accommodation is consistent with the includes one or more of the following roof types predominant character of roof forms exhibited in with a pitch of 20 degrees or greater: (a) skillion: the locality. (b) gable; (c) hipped; (d) pitched. The non-resident workforce accommodation includes eaves with a minimum width of 600mm. Landscaping **PO23** AO23.1 Landscaped open space meets the private and A minimum of 20% of the front setback area of communal recreation needs of non-resident the premises is landscaped with drought workers and contributes to the tolerant vegetation with a minimum width of: protection and enhancement of local character. (a) 2 metres to the road frontage boundary; and (b) 1 metre to all side boundaries. AO23.2 Where adjoining a sensitive receptor, a solid fence having a minimum height of 1.8 metres is provided along all side and rear boundaries. Rehabilitation **PO24 AO24**

Performance Outcomes

The agricultural and/or environmental capacity of the site is reinstated and/or enhanced to ensure that the:

- (a) sustainable productivity of the land is protected; and
- (b) the character and amenity of the site and surrounds is reinstated.

Acceptable Outcomes

The site is rehabilitated following cessation of the *non-resident workforce accommodation* use.

Rural Workers Accommodation

PO25

The Rural workers accommodation is directly associated with an agricultural based rural activity on the same *premises* and is commensurate with the scale of the primary agricultural operations.

AO25.1

The Rural workers accommodation building is limited to the accommodation of one rural worker for every 100 hectares and up to a maximum of ten rural workers.

AO25.2

The agricultural based rural activity is a minimum of 100 hectares in area. In order to establish Rural workers accommodation it must be demonstrated that there is a need for rural workers to be accommodated on site.

PO26

Rural workers accommodation is provided with amenities commensurate with the needs of the employees and the permanent or seasonal nature of the employment.

AO26.1

The *Rural workers accommodation* is for permanent occupation and is fully self-contained.

OR

AO26.2

The Rural workers accommodation is for seasonal occupation (up to 3 months), is in an approved structure and shares facilities with an existing Dwelling house or Caretaker's residence.

AO26.3

The Rural workers accommodation is located within 100 metres of the Dwelling house or Caretaker's residence.

Relocatable Home Park and Tourist Parks

PO27

Tourist park accommodation is located:

- (a) in proximity to a centre zone; or
- (b) is on a scenic route in an urban area.

AO27

No acceptable outcome.

Size, scale and setbacks

PO28

The use provides suitable levels of buffering, amenity, privacy, and recreation areas commensurate with the reasonable expectations of visitors and residents having regard to the nature of the accommodation use, and the character of the locality.

AO28.1

A *Tourist park* or *Relocatable home park* is located on a *site* with a minimum area of 1 hectare.

AO28.2

The site cover for buildings, roofed structures or relocatable homes is a maximum of 40% of

| Performance Outcomes Acceptable Outcomes | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | the total site area. | | | |
| | AO28.3 The development complies with the provision in Table 9.3.1.2 with respect to: (a) minimum site area for each accommodation type; (b) setbacks to internal road frontages; (c) distances to amenities; (d) distance from refuse storage areas; and (e) minimum area for communal recreation. | | | |
| | AO28.4 The Relocatable home park provides communal recreation facilities for the exclusive use of residents. Facilities include but are not limited to, children's play equipment, swimming pools and barbeque areas. | | | |
| PO29 Tourist parks provide a variety of accommodation types to meet the diversity of tourists visiting the Western Downs and in particular promote caravan and recreation vehicle based tourism. | AO29 Tourist parks provide a minimum of 3 caravan/ recreation vehicle site for every 1 relocatable home or cabin accommodation types. | | | |

Table 9.3.1.2 - Tourist park and relocatable home requirements

| • | Type of Accommodation | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|------|
| Aspects | Relocatable home park Tourist Park | | | |
| | Relocatable home | Caravan/RV* | Cabin | Tent |
| Minimum site area (m²) | 200 | 100 | 150 | 50 |
| Minimum setback from any internal road frontage of a site to the nearest point of any vehicle or structure (m) | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | N/A |
| Minimum distance to any toilet ablution building on the land (m) | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Maximum distance to any amenity building providing toilet, laundry and ablution facility (m) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Minimum distance to any bulk storage refuse bin (m) | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Minimum recreation space(percentage of total site area) | 10 per cent | | | |

^{*}Recreation Vehicle.