6.2.12 Community Facilities Zone Code

Table 6.2.12.1 - Community facilities zone code

WESTERN
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Building height PO1 A low-rise built form is maintained having regard to:	Acceptable Outcomes ad assessable development (code, code (fast tracked AO1 Development has a maximum building height of 9.5 metres above natural ground level and no more than two storeys.	Proposed Solution Explanation of how the development addresses the Acceptable Outcome and/or Performance Outcome. a) and impact)	
 accommodation activities and land in a Residential zone category; (b) building character and appearance; and (c) the height of buildings on adjoining premises. 			
Gross floor area			
PO2 The scale and bulk of built form is complementary to existing development in the locality.	AO2 Development has a maximum gross floor area of 50% of the site area.		
Site cover			
PO3 The site coverage of all buildings and structures does not result in a built form that is bulky and visually intrusive.	 AO3 Site cover is a maximum of: (a) For a single storey building - 50% of the total site area; or (b) For a 2 or more storey building - 40% of the total site area. 		
Setbacks			
 PO4 Building setbacks are appropriate having regard to: (a) efficient use of the site; (b) overshadowing; (c) privacy and overlooking; 	AO4.1 Buildings and structures have a minimum setback of 6 metres to the primary road frontage. OR		
 (d) building character and appearance; and (e) the primary road frontage setbacks of adjoining premises. 	AO4.2 Buildings and structures have a road frontage setback equal to or greater than the setback of an existing building on the premises.		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Proposed Solution Explanation of how the development addresses the Acceptable Outcome and/or Performance Outcome.
	AO4.3 Buildings and structures have a minimum side and rear boundary clearance of 2.5 metres.	
	Where adjoining land in a Residential Zone category AO4.4 Buildings and structures have a minimum side and rear boundary clearance of 3 metres	
For assessable development (code, code (fast trac	ked) and impact)	
Building appearance	[
PO5 Development must be complementary to and integrate with the existing character and visual amenity of the area.	A05 Building services and equipment are screened so as not to be visible from the road and other public areas or adjoining residences.	
Landscaping		
PO6 Landscaping is provided to contribute to the visual amenity of the premises and local area.	AO6.1 A minimum of one shade tree is provided for every six car parking spaces.	
	AO6.2 A minimum planting space of 1.2m ² is provided for every shade tree.	
	AO6.3 A landscape buffer with a minimum width of 1 metre is provided to all vehicle movement and car parking areas adjacent to buildings and site boundaries.	
	Where adjoining a Dwelling or a use in the Residential Zone categoryAO6.4A 2 metre minimum landscape buffer is provided along the shared boundary.	

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Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Proposed Solution Explanation of how the development addresses the Acceptable Outcome and/or Performance Outcome.
Non-discriminatory access		· · ·
PO7 Non-discriminatory access must be provided to the building from the road.	A07 Changes of level between the road and the building must comply with AS1428-Design for Access and Mobility.	
Amenity protection		
 PO8 Development must not detract from the amenity of the local area, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) traffic; (c) lighting; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) odour; or (h) emissions. 	AO8 No acceptable outcome.	
 PO9 Development must take into account and seek to ameliorate any existing negative environmental impacts, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) lighting; (e) advertising devices; (f) visual amenity; (g) privacy; (h) odour; or (i) emissions. 	AO9 No acceptable outcome.	



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Proposed Solution Explanation of how the development addresses the Acceptable Outcome and/or Performance Outcome.
Where adjoining land in a Residential Zone category PO10 Development must not detract from the amenity of the local area having regard to operating hours.	 Where adjoining land in a Residential Zone category AO10.1 Loading and unloading of goods is restricted to between the following hours: (a) 7.00am and 6.00pm Monday to Friday; (b) 8.00am and 5.00pm Saturdays. 	
	No unloading or loading occurs on Sundays and public holidays.	
Water quality management		
PO11 Development protects environmental values and facilitates the achievement of water quality objectives for Queensland waters.	AO11 No acceptable outcome.	
PO12 Development achieves the storm water management design objectives specified in Table 6.2.11.2 - Construction Phase - Stormwater Management Design Objectives	AO12 Development achieves objectives as specified in Table 6.2.12.2 - Construction Phase - Stormwater Management Design Objectives	
PO13 Land for urban purposes is located in areas which avoid or minimise the disturbance to natural drainage, areas subject to erosion risk and groundwater.	AO13 No acceptable outcome.	
PO14 Land for urban purpose is located, designed, constructed and managed to avoid impacts arising from altered stormwater quality or flow.	AO14 No acceptable outcome.	

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Table 6.2.12.2 - Construction Phase - Stormwater Management Design Objectives

Issue		Design Objectives
Drainage control	Temporary drainage works	 Design life and design storm for temporary drainage works: Disturbed area open for < 12 months - 1 in 2-year ARI event. Disturbed area open for 12-24 months - 1 in 5-year ARI event. Disturbed area open for >24 months - 1 in 10-year ARI event. Design capacity excludes minimum 150mm freeboard. Temporary culvert crossing - minimum 1 in 1-year SRI hydraulic capacity.
Erosion control	Erosion control measures	 Minimise exposure of disturbed soils at any time. Divert water run-off from undisturbed areas around disturbed areas. Determine the erosion risk rating using local rainfall erosivity, rainfall depth, soil-loss rate or other acceptable methods. Implement erosion control methods corresponding to identified erosion risk rating.
Sediment control	Sediment control measures Design storm for sediment control basins Sediment basin dewatering	 Determine appropriate sediment control measures using: potential soil loss rate, or monthly erosivity, or average monthly rainfall Collect and drain stormwater from disturbed soils to sediment basin for design storm event: design storm for sediment basin sizing is 80th% five-day event or similar Site discharge during sediment basin dewatering: TSS < 50 mg/L TSS, and Turbidity not >10% receiving waters turbidity, and pH 6.5–8.5
Water quality	Litter and other waste, hydrocarbons and other contaminants	 Avoid wind-blown litter; remove gross pollutants. Ensure there is no visible oil or grease sheen on released waters. Dispose of waste containing contaminants at authorised facilities.
Waterway stability and flood flow management	Changes to the natural waterway hydraulics and hydrology	1. For peak flow for the 1-year and 100-year ARI event, use constructed sediment basins to attenuate the discharge rate of stormwater from the site.